



PREMIUM GOLD HOSPITAL



**Uniformed or not.
A Defence connection
through family or
business can mean
you're eligible.**

**Serving everyone
connected to Defence.**

PREMIUM GOLD HOSPITAL

As a Premium Gold Hospital member you may be covered at over 500 private hospitals, recognised public hospitals and day hospital facilities across Australia.

Hospital excess

Premium Gold Hospital offers a choice of \$350 excess or \$750 excess. The higher the excess you choose the less your premiums will be throughout the year, enabling you to choose the premium level that best suits your budget.

Excess payments do not apply to hospital admissions for dependants. The excess applies to the cost of in-patient hospitalisation in either a private, public or day hospital facility.

For families and couples the excess is payable per admission, up to the family maximum of two adult admissions in any rolling 12 month period. For singles the excess is only payable once in any rolling 12 month period (once the excess is paid in full).

Exclusions

Premium Gold Hospital provides coverage for in-hospital medical procedures that Medicare covers. Cosmetic surgery, emergency department visits and procedures where Medicare does not pay a benefit are excluded.

Included treatments and surgeries

- Assisted reproductive services
- Back, neck and spine
- Blood
- Bone, joint and muscle
- Brain and nervous system
- Breast surgery (medically necessary)
- Cataracts
- Chemotherapy, radiotherapy and immunotherapy for cancer
- Dental surgery
- Diabetes management (excluding insulin pumps)
- Dialysis for chronic kidney failure
- Digestive system
- Ear, nose and throat
- Eye (not cataracts)
- Gastrointestinal endoscopy
- Gynaecology
- Heart and vascular system
- Hernia and appendix
- Hospital psychiatric services
- Implantation of hearing devices
- Insulin pumps
- Joint reconstructions
- Joint replacements
- Kidney and bladder
- Lung and chest
- Male reproductive system
- Miscarriage and termination of pregnancy
- Pain management
- Pain management with device
- Palliative care
- Podiatric surgery (provided by a registered podiatric surgeon)
- Plastic and reconstructive surgery (medically necessary)
- Pregnancy and birth
- Rehabilitation
- Skin
- Sleep studies
- Tonsils, adenoids and grommets
- Weight loss surgery
- All other services recognised by Medicare

Ambulance cover

100% benefit for ambulance services within Australia provided by a state/territory registered ambulance service.

What's covered during my hospital admission?

- In-patient medical treatments not requiring surgery and other investigative procedures.
- Day surgery.
- Overnight accommodation (private room where available).
- Special care unit accommodation (e.g. intensive care).
- Operating theatre fees.
- In-patient allied health services (e.g. physiotherapy, occupational therapy).
- Pharmaceuticals approved by the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme.
- Ward-drugs and sundry medical supplies (e.g. painkillers, dressings).
- Nursing care.
- Patient meals.

Out-of-pocket costs

The Australian Government sets a Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) fee for most services. Procedures recognised by Medicare will have an MBS 'item number' and fee. However doctors can charge their patients more than the MBS fee if they choose to do so. Medicare and Navy Health cover the cost of the MBS fee, and any extra amount charged by the doctor is known as your out-of-pocket cost.

MBS fee breakdown

- Medicare pays 75% of the MBS fee for in-hospital treatment as a private patient. Navy Health will pay the remaining 25% of the MBS fee.
- Medicare pays 85% of the MBS fee for out-of-hospital services. Australian private health insurers do not provide benefits for out-of-hospital services.

Example:

Sally is going to hospital to receive treatment for Medicare item number 12345 which has a set MBS fee of \$1,000. However Sally's doctor, Dr Smith, will be charging \$1,200 to provide this treatment. In this instance, Medicare will pay \$750 (75% of the MBS fee), Navy Health will pay \$250 (the remaining 25% of the MBS fee) meaning Sally will have to pay Dr Smith the extra \$200. This is Sally's out-of-pocket cost.

How can I reduce my costs?

You can ask your doctor if they will participate in a gap cover scheme. Gap cover schemes allow health insurers to provide benefits for their members to cover some or all of the gap.

Things to note:

- There is no requirement for any doctor to participate in an insurer's gap cover scheme.
- You should always ask your health insurer and your doctor's office about your gap cover benefits before you are treated.

- If there is going to be an amount left for you to pay, the doctor is required to advise you of this before you agree to be treated, wherever practical.
- To find specialists that may participate in the Navy Health gap scheme go to <https://navyhealth.com.au/find-a-provider/>.

When are benefits not payable?

- If the service forms any part of a payment from Workers' Compensation, Third Party or any other liability provision, Navy Health reserves the right to seek full reimbursement on any benefits paid in these circumstances.
- When doctors submit medical claims two years after the date of service, unless approved by Medicare Australia for benefits.
- The services are performed, or the products used are purchased outside of Australia.
- During a period of suspension or when the membership is not paid up-to-date.
- During waiting periods.
- Where treatment or surgery is excluded on your level of cover.
- When you are treated in a private hospital for a restricted service.
- Where you are issued with take-home pharmaceuticals.
- Where treatment occurs at a non-contracted private or day hospital.
- When the service does not have an assigned Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) item number.

Waiting periods

Hospital benefits are payable after two months of membership on the selected level of cover, with the following exceptions:

- 12 months for pre-existing conditions – this is defined as any condition, illness, or ailment that you had signs or symptoms of during the six months before you joined a hospital policy or upgraded to a higher hospital policy.
- 12 months for Pregnancy and birth and Assisted reproductive services – to be covered, the mother's hospital admission needs to take place after the 12 month waiting period has been completed.
- Two months for psychiatric care, rehabilitation, and palliative care, **even** for a pre-existing condition – this can include treatment of post-natal depression, eating disorders, and drug and alcohol rehabilitation, amongst other treatments.

If you are adding or upgrading your Hospital cover, you will need to complete waiting periods for the new or upgraded items.

Treatment for accidents

This covers the hospital treatment that occurs as a direct result of an unforeseen event which causes injury.